## **Department of pharmacology**

#### **FORWARD:-**

The department of pharmacology was established in 2006/2007 to provide a course in pharmacology with aim of achieving adequate knowledge and competence in pharmacology, which form the basis for rational drug therapy in medical practice. The student by the end of the course should be able to:

- **1.** understand the mechanism of action at molecular as well as cellular level both desirable and adverse.
- **2.** understand the principle of pharmacokinetic i.e. drug absorption , distribution, metabolism and excretion and be able to apply these principle in therapeutic practice.
- **3.** recognize that drug have action at all systems and should be able to group drug with common pharmacological action and appreciate that this classification is not absolute.
- **4.** be able to know or to prototype drug of each pharmacological group especially of clinical importance .
- **5.** acquire a comprehensive description of the major group of drugs as applied to medical practice and be sufficiently.

#### **VISION**

The department of pharmacology has always placed great emphasis on the quality of academic teaching and assisting students in studying pharmacology and its relation to clinical fields.

#### **MISSION**

The department of pharmacology is responsible for teaching the science of drugs to the medical students (3<sup>rd</sup> year) as it is a basic material in studying medicine .The department starts with an introduction of pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamic; Then provides the basic knowledge on the functions

of the different drugs clinically .Through their study courses at the department of pharmacology ,the students continue learning the essentials of the human pathophysiology in relation to therapeutics .

## **Teaching and learning methods**

The curriculum has been designed as –Ministry of higher education and scientific research recommendations .The material of course will be presented through lectures and seminars .The program of seminars shall focus on the program covered in the lectures and subjects prepared by the students .The theory classes in each course would comprise of 45 hours of didactic teaching The practical classes would comprise of 30 hours in each course .

## **Objectives**

The goal of this course of pharmacology is to prepare the student for the upcoming years during which they must be able to understand not only which drug may be useful for a particular clinical situation but be able to design rational and effective pharmacotherapy for treatment of particular patient.

Rational and effective choice in the clinic involve an understanding of the physiology , drug mechanism and therapeutic end point as well as potential side effect and drug – drug interaction

This involve understanding of:-

- 1. Influence of drug on different biochemical process of the body and the ability to suggest the use of drug to modify changes produce by disease state or disorders.
- 2. Drug mechanism of action .
- **3.** therapeutic response.
- 4. potential drug adverse effect.
- **5.** Drug –drug interaction, drug food interaction.
- **6.** In course of pharmacology learning .student must understand not just that medicine worse for particular ailment but why & how it will work

- and when comparing different mode of treatment, Which one will be the most officious.
- **7.** Keep the student well informed with development of newer drug that provide better remedy of the disease with least adverse effect.
- **8.** The knowledge gained in pharmacology should bind together the integration of clinical skill , the understanding of disease and the effective use of pharmacotheraputic agent.

<b>Didactic hours</b>	1 <sup>st</sup> semester	2 <sup>nd</sup> semester	Total
Theoretical	45hrs	454hrs	90hrs.
Practical	30hrs	30hrs	60hrs.
Discussions		30hrs	30hrs.
Units No.			8 units

(Unit= 15 hours theory or 30 hours practical.)

## Text books approved (References):-

سنة النشر	اسم المناشر	الطبعة	المؤلف	العنوان	ت
2003		9 <sup>th</sup>	Laurence ;P.N.BENNETT ,M.J.BROWN	Clinical pharmacology	1
2004		9 <sup>th</sup>	Bertram G.Katzung	Basic and pharmacology	2
2004		3 <sup>rd</sup>	Richard D. Howland Mary J.mycek	Lippincotts illustrated reviews	3

#### **Students assessment**

1 <sup>st</sup> Mid-year	ar 2 <sup>nd</sup>	Seminars	Final	Final	Total
nester	semester		theory	practical	
5 25	5	5	50	10	100
egrees degrees	s degrees	degrees	degrees	degrees	degrees
	mester 25	mester semester 5 25 5	mester semester 5 5 5	mester semester theory 5 25 5 5 50	mester semester theory practical 5 25 5 5 50 10

 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{^{*}}$  Site of theoretical lectures , at the hall number 2 in the first floor .

# Pharmacology curriculum for undergraduate students 2017-2018

NO	Lastrina Titla	1	Dayland	Ohioativa
INO	Lecture Title	Lecture Time	Day and date	Objective
		/hrs	uate	
		•		
		1- G	eneral phai	rmacology
1.	Introduction to	1 hr.	Sunday	Definition of drug ,pharmacodynamic,
	pharmacology		1/Oct.	pharmacokinetic, Toxicology, clinical
			/2017	pharmacology, therapeutic, pharmacogentics.
2.	Pharmacokinetics	2 hrs.	MON.	Definition ;drug passage across cell membrane
			2/10	Order of p/k. process, half life, SSC,
				bioavailability, first-pass effect, Vd., protein
				binding, result of metabolism, phases of
				metabolism, enzyme-induction and inhibition,
				excretion; renal, pulmonary, fecal, milk
3.	Pharmacodynamic	4 hrs.	Wedn.	The biochemical and physical mechanism of
			4/10	drug action on body ;Receptor interactions ,
				Competitive and non competitive inhibition
				;Agonist- antagonist –receptor complex ,Dose
				-response(potency ),Therapeutic index (TI).
4.	Cholinergic nervous system	4 hrs.	Sun.	Anatomy of autonomic nervous system; sites
			8/10	of Ach. action; cholinomimetic drugs,
				cholinesterase inhibitors ,antimuscarinic drugs;
				Atropine as a prototype ,Atropine like drugs
				,organophosphorus compounds poisoning.
5.	Adrenergic nervous system	4 hrs.	Wedn.	Catecholamines, biosynthesis and metabolism
			18/10	Adrenergic agonists (alpha and
				beta);Therapeutic uses of sympathomimetic
				drugs . Adrenergic blockers; selectivity of
				adrenergic blocking ,classification of alpha and
				beta adrenoceptors blockers .

		T	<u> </u>			
6.	Autocoids	2 hrs.	Mon. 30/10	Definition of autacoids, Histamine and anti histamine H1 and H2 blockers. Serotonin (5HT) and its antagonist ;prostaglandins ,drugs act via prostaglandins inhibition.		
	2- Central nervous system					
7	Ant anxiety and hypnotic drugs	1 hours	Wedn. 1/11	Definition. Benzodiazepines as Diazepam, Benzodiazepines antagonist as Flumazenil. Other drugs like beta-blockers and antihistamines in anxiety.		
8	Antipsychotic drugs	1 hour	Sun. 12/11	Definition of psychosis and dopamine hypothesis of schizophrenia ,classification of antipsychotic drugs ,pharmacological action of antipsychotic ,therapeutic indications and side effects .		
9	General anesthetics	2 hours	Mon. 13/11	Definition ,classification, inhalational and intravenous anesthetics, advantages , disadvantages, clinical uses and side effects .		
10	Antiepileptic drugs	2 hours	Wedn. 15/11	Definition and general classification of epilepsy, main antiepileptic drugs like Phenytoin, Carbamazepine, Sodium valproate, the newer drugs as Vigabatrin, lamotrigine, gabapentin and Topiramete.		
11	Local anesthetics	1 hour	Sun. 19/11	Types of local anesthesia ,Mechanism of action ,Lidocaine as a prototype ,methods of prolongation of duration of action of LA.		
12	Antidepressant drugs	2 hour	Mon. 20/11	Definition and classification of depression ;classification of antidepressant drugs like Tricyclic group like Imipramine, Amitriptyline, Clomipramine, mechanism of action ,clinical uses, side effects ,SSRIs group like Fluoxetine , MAO inhibitors ,Lithium, clinical use and side effects .		
13	Anti Parkinsonian drugs	1 hours	Wedn. 22/11	Definition of Parkinson disease and pathophysiology ,cholinergic and dopaminergic mechanism in Parkinson disease ,drugs useful in disease ;L-dopa, decarboxylase inhibitors ,dopamine agonists as Bromocriptine .		
14	Ethanol pharmacology	1 hours	Sun. 26/11	Metabolism and pharmacological action of ethanol, acute and chronic action of Ethanol, interaction with other drugs.		
15	NSAIDs	2 hours		Classification ,COX1- inhibitors such as salicylates, Ibuprofen, Indomethacin, COX2-inhibitors like Celecoxib. Differences between COX1 and COX2 . other uses of NSAIDs with mechanism of action such as Aspirin and Paracetamol.		

16	Opioids analgesics	2 hour	Narcotic: endogenous enkephalins and endorphins, Opiates receptors, mechanism of action of narcotic analgesics, Morphine as a prototype drug .other like Pethidine, Codeine, Methadone, Tramadol and Propoxyphene.  Opiate antagonists: Naloxone and Nalorphine
17	Anti rheumatic drugs	1 hour	Aims of treatment of rheumatoid arthritis , disease modifying drugs , role of corticosteroids in rheumatoid arthritis .
18	Drugs used for gout	1 hour	Drugs useful in acute attack of gout :NSAIDs and Colchicines, drugs useful in chronic gout :- Probencid and Allopurinol.
19	Ganglionic and neuromuscular blockers	1 hour	Neuromuscular transmission .classification of muscle relaxants into depolarizing and non depolarizing agents .peripherally and centrally acting muscle relaxants :Dantroline ,Baclofen, and Benzodiazepines .
20	3- Drugs acting on respiratory tract	3 hours	Bronchodilators :beta 2 stimulants ,xanthine derivatives ,mast cell stabilizers :Sodium cromoglycate and ketotifen .Mucolytics and expectorants .Mechanism of cough and cough suppressants .
21	4- Drugs acting on GIT	3 hours	Antacids, anti ulcer drugs include :H2-blockers ,proton pump inhibitors ,Sucralfate ,bismuth chelate ,prostaglandins analogues as misoprostol, laxatives and purgatives ,antidiarrhoeal drugs ;antiemetic drugs like Metoclopramide and domperidone. Drugs useful in ulcerative colitis and drugs for dissolution of gall stones .
22	5- Drugs acting on urinary system	3 hours	Renal handling of water and electrolytes .Diuretics; mode and site of action ;classification and clinical uses.
	6-	Drugs acting or	n cardiovascular system
23	Anti hypertensive drugs	2 hours	Definition of hypertension ,factors regulating blood pressure; classification of anti hypertensive drugs:-Diuretics, centrally acting drugs, calcium channels blockers and angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors, angiotensin-2-receptors blockers, beta blockers, non-pharmacological treatment of hypertension.
24	Drugs used to treat ischemic heart diseases	2 hours	Definition of angina pectoris; Nitrates, pharmacological features of GTN; mechanism of action; rout of drug administration side effects and tolerance. other drugs useful in treatment of angina as calcium channel blockers and beta blockers, role of anti-plate let in angina.

25	Drugs used to treat heart failure	2 hours	Pathophysiology of heart failure ;cardiac glycosides ;pharmacology of Digoxin as a prototype drug ;other drugs like vasodilators ,and ACE inhibitors in heart failure ;New inotropic drugs as Amrinone and Milrinone.
26	Antiarrhythmic drugs	3 hours	Pathophysiology of cardiac arrhythmias; types of arrhythmias ;classification of anti arrhythmic drugs .pharmacology of lignocaine ;Procainamide ;Quinidine ;Disopyramide ,betablockers and calcium channel blockers .
27	Anticoagulant drugs	2 hours	Blood coagulation process . Heparin; unfractionated (UFH)and low molecular weight heparin(LMWH):mechanism of action , p/k.; clinical uses and side effects; Advantages of the use of LMWH on UFH. plate let aggregation inhibitors; Clopidogrel; thrombolytic agents and dugs acting on the plate lets; Vitamin K preparation and Aminocaproaic acid .
28	Fibrinolytic, antifibrolytic and ant platelets drugs	2 hours	Physiology of plate let adhesion and aggregation (thrombus formation ), anti plate let aggregation as Aspirin, Abciximab, Tirofiban ,plasminogen activators as Streptokinase,Alteplase,Anistreplaes.
29	Anti anemic and vitamins	2 hours	Iron preparations, indications and adverse effects, folic acid, and V itaminb12, Haemopoietic growth factors.
30	Hypolipidemic drugs	2 hour	Statins, Cholestyramine, Nicotinic acid, Gemfibrozil.
		7- Chemothera	apeutic drugs
31	Antibacterial drugs	5 hours	Definition and introduction to antimicrobial agents ,mechanism of action and resistant to antimicrobial drugs (Penicillin, cephalosporins first to fourth generations), Vancomycin, Sulphonamides and urinary tract antiseptic, Aminoglycosides, Macrolides as Erythromycin, Clindamycin, Tetracyclines, Fusidic acid, Chloramphenicol and Quinolones.
32	Anti tuberculosis	1 hour	Definition; classification, first and second line drugs, Rifampicin, Isoniazid, Ethambutol, Cycloserine, Para-aminosalicylic acid, and Streptomycin.
33	Anthelminthic drugs	2hours	Classification of worms ,classification of anthelmintic drugs, mechanism of action and side effects ,broad spectrum anthelmintic ,Albendazole ,Mebendazole ,Pyrantel pamoate Piperazine ,Thialbendazole ,Ivermectin .
34	Antifungal drugs	1 hour	Local and systemic anti fungal drugs , Amphotericin , Griseoflvin, Nystatin and Flucytosine .

35	Ant protozoa drugs	2 hours	Metronidazole ,Diloxanide furoate, Chloroquine ,Iodoquinol; Emetine .
36	Antimalarial drugs	1 hour	Definition ;life cycle of malarial parasite; classification of anti malarial drugs ;Chloroquine, Quinine ,Primaquine, Mefloquine ,Artemisinin, possible mechanism of action and side effects ; Antimalarial drugs and G6PDD .
37	Antiviral drugs	1 hour	Why it is difficult to treat viral infection ;classification of anti viral drugs according to mechanism and site of action ;Acyclovir, anti retroviral agents as Zidovudine, Lamivudine and stavudine; protease inhibitors as Indinavir, Ritinovir; Antiinfluenza agents as Amantadine, Rimatadine, and Osdeltamivir.
38	Cancer chemotherapy	3 hours	Classification of cytotoxic drugs .mechanism of
		0.11	action ,clinical uses and adverse effects .
20	Cautianataunida	8- Hormon	
39	Corticosteroids	2 hours	Pharmacological action of steroids , different preparations , clinical uses , adverse effects , differences between glucocorticoids and mineralocorticoides .
40	Insulin and oral hypoglycemic drugs	2 hours	Definition and clinical features, Insulin; action and different preparations, side effects; oral hypoglycemic drugs; Sulphonylureas, Biguanides, meglitinides, thiazolidindiones and alpha-glucosidase inhibitors.
41	Thyroid hormones and ant thyroid drugs	1 hour	Thyroid hormones, biosynthesis And pharmacological actions, Carbimazole and Propylthiouracil, the use of radio-active iodine.
42	Drugs acting on uterus	1 hour	Oxytocin and Ergometrine ,pharmacology and mode of action ,clinical uses ,prostaglandins as abortant drugs .
43	Sex hormones and contraceptives	2 hours	Oral contraceptive pills types ,pharmacological actions and clinical uses ,adverse effects and contraindications.
44	Androgens and anti androgens	1 hour	Pharmacological action, clinical uses and side effects of androgens, anti androgens.

		9- Select	ive topics
45	General toxicology	3 hours	Heavy metal poisoning ,Thallium poisoning ,the use of chelating agents ,activated charcoal .
46	Skin pharmacology	1 hour	Principle of treating skin diseases, dermatological preparations, percutaneous absorption.
47	Immune-pharmacology	1 hour	Indication of immunosuppressant ;ciclosporin, tacrolimus, corticosteroids, cytotoxic drugs as Azathioprine ,cyclophosphamide, monoclonal antibodies as basiliximab and antillymphocytic immunoglobulin.
48	Drug interaction	1 hour	Definition; types of interactions, harmful and useful, antagonism, synergism, interaction of drugs with food.

## Practical pharmacology lab.

One weekly (2 hours) practical pharmacology lab is given with different experiments and calculations of various pharmacologically active drugs or groups; (taken in pharmacological lab in the  $3^{rd}$  section of  $3^{rd}$  floor of college building).

## First semester

No.	Lab title
1.	Rout of drug administration.
2.	Drug formulations and pharmaceutical dosage forms.
3.	Weights, measures and posology.
4.	Prescription order writing.
5.	Absorption and excretion of drugs.
6.	Dose response curve (LD $_{50}$ and ED $_{50}$ of Thiopental).
7.	Anti-inflammatory activity of NSAIDs.
8.	Antipyretic activity of some NSAIDs on feverish rats.

9.	Evaluation of analgesic drugs.
11.	General anesthesia.
12.	Local anesthesia.

#### Second semester

No.	Lab title
1.	Action of drugs on the eye.
2.	Muscle relaxation effect of diazepam in mice.
3.	Diuretic effect of some drugs on conscious rat.
4.	Effects of some drugs on uterine contraction of rat uterus.
5.	Effect of drugs on blood pressure of anesthetized rat.
6.	Drugs effect on rabbit heart.
7.	Investigation for active principles of plants.
8.	Analytical and drug measurement techniques
9.	Muscle relaxation effect of diazepam in mice.
10.	Study of aspirin and paracetamol toxicities.

#### **Students seminars**

The design of student seminars focus on the student as the central part of the learning rather than focus on lecturer, who giving the outlines and advice the student to get more informations from the given resources (student self –study); in small group teaching (about 40 students in each group ) ,distributed as 3 group per week .

Assessment of student done according to the understanding of the subject, language, personality and littreture survey (writing and arrangement of seminar).

Date	Student's name	Seminar title	Supervisor
1 <sup>st</sup>	Farah saad	Management of acute drug	Dr. Hussain Adai.
week	Zahraa Mohmmed	poisoning	
	Huda Adil	perser8	
	Sausan Abid		
2 <sup>nd</sup>	Zainab Abdul Hussain	Drug dependence	Dr. Jwaad F.
week	Farah khaleel		Hassan
	Zakaria Abas Zakii		
	Ahmeed Jabar Lazim		
3 <sup>rd</sup>	Mohammed Hashim	Treatment of Alzheimer	Dr. Tayseer ALI
week	Ahsan Hassan	disease	,
	Dunia Waheed		
4 <sup>th</sup>	Ayoub kareem	Special aspects in pediatric	Dr. Tayseer ALI
week	Ahmed Abed	pharmacology	-
	Ayat Jasem		
5 <sup>th</sup>	Atheraa Haasan	Nephrotoxic drugs	Dr. Hussain Adai.
week	Wadian katan	-	
	Mustafa Aed Alwahab		
6 <sup>th</sup>	Susy Hameed	Hepatotoxic drugs	Dr. Jwaad F.
week	Lith Anoor		Hassan
	Younaa Haamed		
7 <sup>th</sup>	Alaa Abdulla Jellel	Drug teratogenicity	Dr. Hussain Adai.
week	Haneen Ali		
	Fatima Latif Hamad		
	Elaf Mohsin khalf		
8 <sup>th</sup>	Tiba salam	Antibiotic resistance	Dr. Ahmmed
week	Mubark Abud Alaah		Hamzaa
	Enas Mahady		
9 <sup>th</sup>	Esmaa Esmail	Drugs cause haemolysis in	Dr. Tayseer ALI
week	Kawather Rasheed	patient with G6PDD	
	Rajaa Hussain ALI		
	Kawather Salim		
10 <sup>th</sup>	Ghada ALI Hummod	Drugs used in treatment	Dr. Tayseer ALI
week	Asraa Muhammed Hashem	IHD	
	Hanin Ali		
11 <sup>th</sup>	Baan Basil	Agents of fourth	Dr. Ahmmed
week	Huda Adel	generation cephalosporins	Hamzaa
	Huraa Saad		
.1.	Muhanid Abdel Kariam		
12 <sup>th</sup>	Narjis Jabeer Mussan	Drugs prescription during	Dr. Jwaad F.
week	Wajdan Salaah	pregnancy and lactation.	Hassan
	Halaa Ghalib shatii		
	Abass Wadii Awaad		